



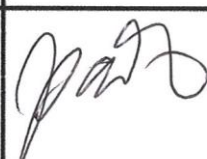

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BF3H35GA-BNH-020mA	A	2021/05/05	1/3

APPROVAL SHEET

Part No:

BF3H35GA-BNH-020mA

NOTE :
Green Part

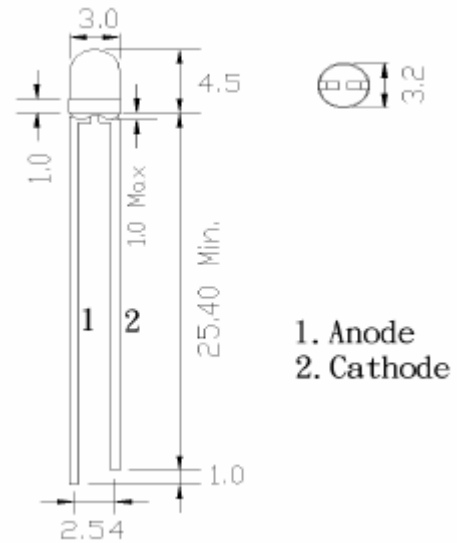
MAKER			CUSTOMER	
				
R&D	QA	Sales	Checked	Approved
				

Prepared	Checked	Approved
Rachel Lee	Sky Lin	Kenneth Wu

LED LAMP Technical Data

DESCRIPTION:

Device Type	: BF3H35GA-BNH-020mA
Dice Material	: InGaN
Light Color	: Blue
Lens Color	: Water Clear
Lens Dimension	: 3 mm



All epoxy resin dimension are in millimeter tolerance is $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Max.	Unit
DC Forward Current	30	mA
Reverse Voltage	5	V
Power Dissipation	120	mW
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr} : -40 \sim +80$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{str} : -40 \sim +100$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Solder DIP (MAX. 5 seconds, 1.6mm from body) Temperature 260°C		

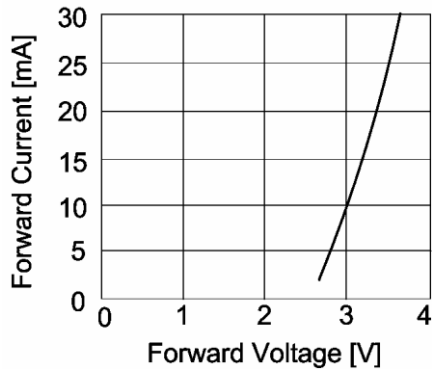
Electrical and Optical Characteristics at $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$

Symbol	Description	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_F	Forward Voltage	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	-	3.2	4.0	V
I_R	Reverse Current	$V_R = 5\text{V}$	-	-	10	μA
λ_D	Dom. Emission Wavelength	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	-	465	-	nm
$\Delta\lambda$	Spectral Line Halfwidth	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	-	20	-	nm
$2\theta_{1/2}$	Viewing Angle	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	-	35	-	Deg.
I_v	Luminous Intensity	$I_F = 20\text{mA}$	1500	2500	-	mcd

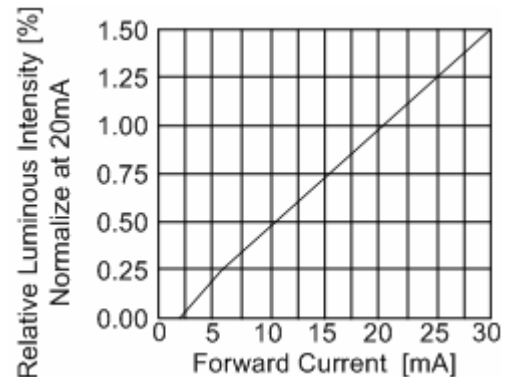
- Note:
- 1.The lead should be formed up to 5mm from the body of device without forming stress.
 2. Soldering shall be performed after lead forming.
 3. All dimensions are in millimeters
 4. Static Electricity and surge damage the LED lamps.
- It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handing the LED lamp

LED LAMP Technical Data

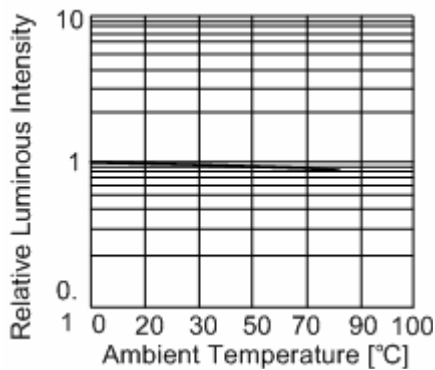
Typical Optical-Electrical Characteristic Curves



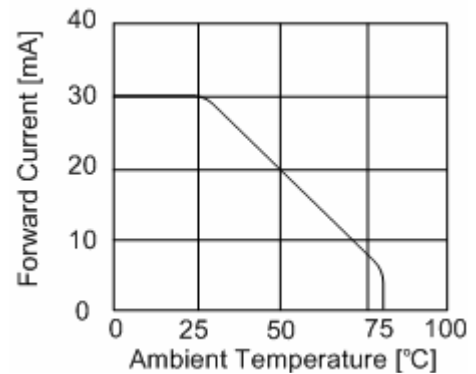
**Forward Current
Vs. Forward Voltage**



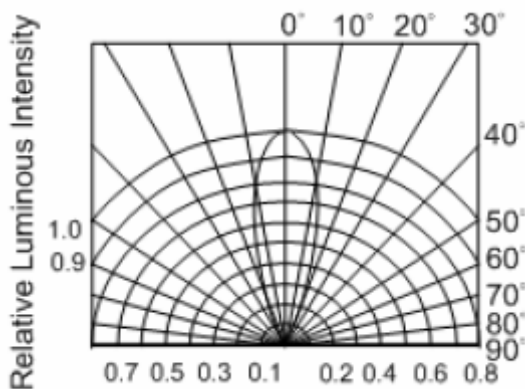
**Luminous Intensity
Vs. Forward Current**



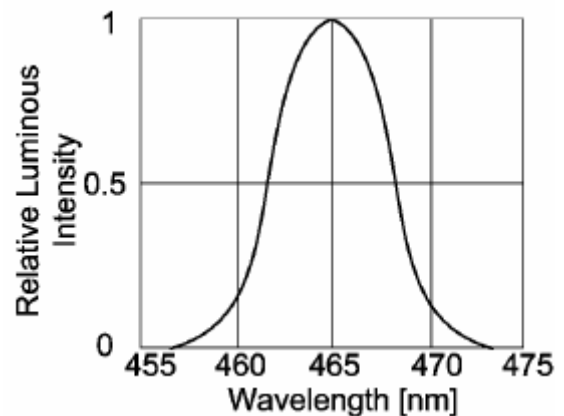
**Luminous Intensity
Vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Forward Current
Vs. Ambient Temperature**



Radiation Pattern



**Relative Luminous Intensity
Vs. Wavelength**